

The duration of the Universe

In the “duration” of the universe it cools, it loses heat. This material is dark, tactile, invisible and loses heat and does it become the color of darkness?

The passages of “duration” are chromatic transitions, is it the sound of space in the known universe of the unknown world in our eyes?

If we placed ourselves in front of a black background, and could not see what is beyond us, or beyond the space we imagine black space.

Is this black dense? or can it be crossed?

What does transparent black look like and can it be crossed? If the universe grows the “duration” also increases and does space become completely transparent?

Cold moving in space, is it a material feeling?

Perhaps it roams as ice in space or as a gaseous form. Does gas take shape when it freezes?

Or does it wander in a free shape?

If the density of the material is greater than the critical value given by the speed of expansion in the density of space, we have closed universes because space curves and closes upon itself, if there is less density than the critical space, we have a curve in reverse and then open and infinite, if they coincide then we have a flat universe.

Water is present as ice in the universe and the stars are formed mainly of hydrogen gas by reacting with the oxygen in the atmosphere thus giving origin to water. Drawing water from the stars.

The chromatic “transition” of the stars is inversely proportional to their temperature, the star is hotter and the colours are blue and whiter.

Does their death give “life” to other universes?

Many black holes and lots of gravitational force, do they give rise to the tunnels of gravitation?

Moving into these passages of “duration”, where does time have a weight and an attraction?

The “duration” is not a value of time, but an intrinsic synaesthesia of the universe that discovering it is complete negation of its structural relativism, I can not see all parts without losing sight of the constructive set.

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